UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF UTAH

INFORMATION FOR FILING A CIVIL RIGHTS COMPLAINT UNDER 42 U.S.C. SECTIONS 1983 AND 1985

Office of the Clerk of Court

INTRODUCTION

This information packet is designed to help you file a civil rights complaint in federal court without the help of a trained and licensed attorney. In a civil rights complaint, you are alleging that your constitutional rights or privileges or immunities have been violated. The federal law under which a civil rights claim arises is 42 U.S.C. sections 1983 and 1985. (U.S.C. stands for "United States Code," which is a collection of all the federal laws in the country. The law under which a civil rights action is brought is located in sections 1983 and 1985 of title 42 of the United States Code.) When you represent yourself in a lawsuit you are known as a *pro se* litigant, or a person who is proceeding *pro se*.

In order to start a lawsuit based on a claim of violation of your civil rights, you must prepare and file with the court what is known as a **complaint**. This packet of instructions is designed to help you prepare a civil rights complaint under 42 U.S.C. section 1983 and 1985. For information on how to actually file the complaint with the court after you have prepared it and how to proceed in your lawsuit, you should obtain and read the *Pro Se* Litigant Guide, which is available at the clerk's office of the U.S. District Court for the District of Utah, located in suite 150 of the Frank E. Moss U.S. Courthouse, 350 South Main in Salt Lake City, Utah, 84101.

A sample complaint form is included in this packet to help you to prepare your complaint. Your complaint must be typewritten or <u>legibly</u> handwritten. All questions must be answered clearly in the correct space on the form. If you need extra space to answer a question, you may use additional pages of 8.5" x 11" size paper. The additional page(s) must be legible, and must indicate which question you are answering. If you are suing more than one person, you should state clearly which defendant you accuse of each act.

PREPARING THE COMPLAINT

- 1. To assist a party appearing *pro se* in filing a civil rights complaint, the office of the clerk has prepared a complaint form, a copy of which is attached to this information packet. The instructions in this section correspond by name to the sections in the sample complaint form.
- 2. If you need more space than the sample complaint form provides to record details, you should use additional sheets the same size as the complaint.
- **A.** Caption and Heading: Before your case can be filed with the clerk's office, the first page of your complaint must have your name, address and telephone number at the top of the complaint as part of the heading. This is referred to as the **case caption and heading**. The case caption also must indicate the **Division** of the District of Utah in which the case originates. Determining this is relatively easy.

Northern Division: If the defendant(s) reside in, or if the action on which the lawsuit is based occurred in one of the following counties, it is a Northern Division case: **Box Elder, Cache, Rich,**

Weber, Davis, or Morgan.

Central Division: If the defendant(s) reside in, or if the action occurred in one of the following counties, it is a Central Division case: *Beaver, Carbon, Daggett, Duchesne, Emery, Garfield, Grand, Iron, Juab, Kane, Millard, Piute, Salt Lake, San Juan, Sanpete, Sevier, Summit, Tooele, Uintah, Utah, Wasatch, Washington, or Wayne.*

In the caption, you must also add your name as the plaintiff and the names of the people you are naming as defendants on the lines provided.

B. Jurisdiction: In this section, you inform the court why the case should be heard in federal court rather than state court or some other forum.

Options: For a complaint alleging a violation of civil rights, you have two options:

- 1. If your action is generally one for a violation of civil rights, 42 U.S.C. § 1983 will normally be the basis for the claim.
- 2. Claims under 42 U.S.C. § 1985 are limited. Generally that section prohibits certain categories of conduct relating to two or more persons acting together, or in a **conspiracy**, as provided for in the statute itself. In most instances, you must show that the conspiracy was entered for a racial or class-based reason.

Defendant's Relationship to the State: In order for your action to be heard in federal court under Section 1983, you must be able to show that the defendant(s), at the time the claims alleged in the complaint, were acting under the **authority** or color of state law. As you note the name of each defendant, you also should indicate whether that defendant under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 is a person who acted "under the color of state law." This generally means that the person is a state official, a state employee, or someone who was acting in the name of the state under authority granted by the state, county, city, or other non-federal government entity. Normally a claim under 42 U.S.C. § 1985 requires class-based or racial hostility before it may proceed. *Note: This is not a complete statement of the law on this subject; rather, it is intended to provide general guidance as you determine who to name as a defendant in your action.*

- **C.** Parties: Next, you name the parties. As the person initiating the lawsuit, you are the plaintiff and must identify yourself as such. For each defendant named in your complaint, you should list their current address and a description of their employment. In addition, you should explain briefly how or in what capacity each defendant acted under authority given them by state or local government.
- **D.** Nature of the Case: This section requires a brief statement of (i) the civil right that you allege has been violated by the defendant(s), and (ii) a description of how the defendant(s) violated that right.

E. Cause of Action: In this section, you are required to provide specific details of precisely how your civil right allegedly was violated. This description should include references to relevant dates, times, and locations. It should explain to the court what happened by specifically describing each defendant's behavior or action and how that behavior or action -- or lack of action -- resulted in the violation of your right. You are not required to cite other cases in the law or to make a legal argument. However, you must be specific about (i) the particulars of the event, (ii) each defendant's misconduct, and how such misconduct resulted in a violation or denial of the civil right at issue in the case.

Where your complaint includes more than one incident, you should clearly distinguish between them by preparing a separate description -- usually a paragraph -- for each incident. Each incident should be identified as a separate **count**, and each count must include appropriate facts and evidence in support of the claims made in the count. Each incident must be clearly and specifically described; it should include the relevant time, date, and location. Each incident description also should clearly identify the relevant defendant and what that defendant's role was in the incident.

If your case involves an allegation that two or more defendants jointly conspired to violate your civil rights, you must, in a separate count, state the approximate date the defendants entered into the conspiracy. Moreover, in the supporting facts, you should refer to any evidence you have that the defendants indeed did conspire together to violate your civil right.

- **F. Injury:** In this section you must state as specifically as possible the actual injury you suffered from the action of the defendant that resulted in the alleged violation of your civil right. Simply stating that your civil right has been violated is insufficient and will do little to persuade the judge that you have suffered an injury for which you should be compensated. As the plaintiff, you must explain to the judge how the action of the defendant(s) harmed you and violated your civil rights.
- G. Previous Lawsuits and Administrative Relief: It is important, in this section, that you alert the judge to any other case in which you are or were a party that may be connected with the case you now are filing. If, for example, you filed an earlier case that includes some of the same facts and events you rely on for this case, the court needs to know. If you have submitted a formal complaint to an agency of the state on the issues you raise in this case, or if you previously asked for or participated in an administrative review process to attempt to solve the problem, you must tell the court the results, if any, of your action.
- **H.** Request for Relief: In this section, you describe for the judge the result or relief you seek as a result of your lawsuit. The relief you request must be related specifically to the injury you have suffered.
- I. Declaration Under Penalty of Perjury: You must sign your complaint and file it with the clerk of court. When you do, you are making a declaration under law to the court that everything in your complaint is true. It is important for you to realize that the judge assigned to your

case can order **sanctions** or penalties against you or any other party that files complaints or pleadings that are frivolous, without merit, based on false or misleading information, etc. These sanctions or penalties can take many forms. Examples include dismissing your case, assessing fines, requiring you to pay the attorney costs for the opposing party, limiting your filing privileges in federal court, etc. If you intentionally make false statements in documents you file with the clerk, you may be charged with criminal lying, or perjury, an offense with potentially serious consequences.

FILING THE COMPLAINT

You may file the complaint with the court by delivering it or mailing it to the **Office of the Clerk of Court, Frank E. Moss United States Courthouse, Room 150, 350 South Main Street, Salt Lake City, Utah 84101**. Whether you deliver or mail your complaint to the court, you must submit (i) an original and one copy of the complaint, (ii) a completed **cover sheet**, a copy of which can be obtained from the clerk's office, and (iii) the \$250 filing fee.

The \$250 filing fee can be waived by the court if you complete, and the court accepts, an **application to proceed** *in forma pauperis*. An application to proceed *in forma pauperis* asks the court to have the government pay your filing fee for you because you do not have the money to do so yourself. Applications to proceed *in forma pauperis* are available at the clerk's office, and are also available as part of the court's **Pro Se Litigant Guide**. You should submit your application to proceed *in forma pauperis* along with your complaint to the clerk's office. If the court grants your application, you will be able to proceed without paying the \$250 filing fee. If the court does not grant your application, you must pay the \$250 filing fee within two weeks of the denial of your application or your complaint will not be accepted by the court.

Note: Each defendant named in your lawsuit must be notified of your lawsuit in a specific manner governed by law. You should refer to the court's *Pro Se* Litigant guide for information on this matter.

Name:	
Address:	
Telephone:	
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COU	RT FOR THE DISTRICT OF UTAH
	DIVISION
	_

		DIVISION
(Ful	ll Name) PLAINTIFF vs.	CIVIL RIGHTS COMPLAINT (42 U.S.C §1983, §1985) CIVIL NO (Supplied by Clerk)
	DEFENDANTS	
1.	Jurisdiction is proper in this of a 42 U.S.C. §1983 b 42 U.S.C. §1985 c Other (Please Sp	JURISDICTION rt according to: fy)
2.	NAME OF PLAINTIFFIS A CITIZEN OF THE STATE	OF
	PRESENT MAILING ADDI	SS:
3.	NAME OF FIRST DEFEND	 T

	IS A CITIZEN OF(City and State)	
	IS EMPLOYED AS at (Position and Title if Any) (Organization)	
	Was the defendant acting under the authority or color of state la these claims occurred?	w at the time
	YES NO If your answer is "YES" briefly explain.	
1.	NAME OF SECOND DEFENDANT(If applicable)	
	IS A CITIZEN OF(City and State)	
	IS EMPLOYED AS at (Position and Title if Any) (Organization) Was the defendant acting under the authority or color of state la these claims occurred?	w at the tim
	YES NO If your answer is "YES" briefly explain.	
	NAME OF THIRD DEFENDANT(If applicable)	_
	IS A CITIZEN OF(City and State)	
	IS EMPLOYED AS at (Position and Title if Any) (Organization)	

these claims occurred? YES ____ NO___. If your answer is "YES" briefly explain. 6. NAME OF FOURTH DEFENDANT_____ (If applicable) IS A CITIZEN OF (city and State) IS EMPLOYED AS ____ at _____. (Position and Title if Any) (Organization) Was the defendant acting under the authority or color of state law at the time these claims occurred? YES ____ NO___. If your answer is "YES" briefly explain. (Use additional sheets of paper if necessary.) **B. NATURE OF CASE** 1. Why are you bringing this case to court? Please explain the circumstances that led to the problem.

Was the defendant acting under the authority or color of state law at the time

C. CAUSE OF ACTION

a.	(1)	Count I:
	(2)	Supporting Facts: (Describe exactly what each defendant did or did not do. State the facts clearly in your own words without citing legal authority or arguments.)
b.	(1)	Count II:
	(2)	Supporting Facts:
c.	(1)	Count III:

	(2) Supporting Facts:
	D. INJURY
How	whave you been injured by the actions of the defendant(s)?
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	E. PREVIOUS LAWSUITS AND ADMINISTRATIVE RELIEF
	e you filed other lawsuits in state or federal court that deal with the same facts that
	nvolved in this action or otherwise relate to the conditions of your imprisonment?
	S/NO If your answer is "YES," describe each lawsuit. (If there is e than one lawsuit, describe additional lawsuits on additional separate pages, using
	same outline.)
a.	Parties to previous lawsuit:
	Plaintiff(s):
	Defendant(s):

c.	Disposition (for example: Was the case dismissed? Was it appealed? Is it still pending?)
d.	Issues raised:
e.	When did you file the lawsuit? Date Month Year
f.	When was it (will it be) decided?
admi 	e you previously sought informal or formal relief from the appropriate nistrative officials regarding the acts complained of in Part C? YES/NO If your answer is "YES" briefly describe how relief was sought and the results. ur answer is "NO" explain why administrative relief was not sought.
	F. REQUEST FOR RELIEF
I beli	eve that I am entitled to the following relief:

DECLARATION UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY

1	The under	signed	declares	s under j	penalty	of per	jury that	he/she is	s the pl	laintiff in	the abo	ve
action,	that he/sh	e has re	ad the a	above c	omplai	nt, and	that the	informa	ation c	ontained	therein	is
true and	d correct.	28 U.S	.C. §17	46; 18	U.S.C	§1621						

Executed at	on	20
(Location)	(Date)	
Signature		

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS			DEFENDANTS				
(EX	of First Listed Plaintiff KCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) Address, and Telephone Number)		County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE LAND INVOLVED. Attorneys (If Known)				
II. BASIS OF JURISD	ICTION (Place an "X" in One Box O	Only) III. C	<u> </u> TITIZENSHIP OF P	RINCIPAL PARTIES	Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff		
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	☐ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party		(For Diversity Cases Only) PTF DEF Citizen of This State D 1 Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State				
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties		zen of Another State	2			
			zen or Subject of a oreign Country	3	□ 6 □ 6		
IV. NATURE OF SUIT	(Place an "X" in One Box Only) TORTS	FO	RFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES		
□ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	PERSONAL INJURY PERSONAL INJURY □ 310 Airplane □ 362 I □ 315 Airplane Product M Liability □ 365 P □ 320 Assault, Libel & Product □ 368 A □ 330 Federal Employers' In Liability □ 10 PERSO □ 340 Marine PERSO □ 345 Marine Product □ 370 C Liability □ 371 T □ 350 Motor Vehicle □ 380 C □ Product Liability □ 385 P □ 360 Other Personal Injury □ Product Liability □ 385 P □ 441 Voting □ 510 N □ 510 N □ 442 Employment □ 530 C □ 530 C □ 443 Housing/ Haber Accommodations □ 530 C □ 444 Welfare □ 535 E □ 540 N □ 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - □ 540 N □ 550 C	ONAL INJURY Personal Injury - (ed. Malpractice Personal Injury - Oduct Liability Institute Personal Injury Product Injury Prod	610 Agriculture 620 Other Food & Drug 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 630 Liquor Laws 640 R.R. & Truck 650 Airline Regs. 660 Occupational Safety/Health 690 Other LABOR 710 Fair Labor Standards Act 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations 730 Labor/Mgmt. Reporting & Disclosure Act 740 Railway Labor Act 790 Other Labor Litigation 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act	□ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) □ FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	□ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and □ Corrupt Organizations □ 480 Consumer Credit □ 490 Cable/Sat TV □ 810 Selective Service □ 850 Securities/Commodities/ □ Exchange □ 875 Customer Challenge □ 12 USC 3410 □ 890 Other Statutory Actions □ 891 Agricultural Acts □ 892 Economic Stabilization Act □ 893 Environmental Matters □ 894 Energy Allocation Act □ 895 Freedom of Information Act □ 900Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice □ 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes		
□1 Original □2 R	an "X" in One Box Only) emoved from tate Court 3 Remande Appellate	e Court Rec	nstated or another spened (specified)		Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment		
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	Cite the U.S. Civil Statute unde Brief description of cause:	er which you are filing	(Do not cite jurisdictions	al statutes unless diversity):			
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS IS A CLAUNDER F.R.C.P. 23	ASS ACTION I	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND:	if demanded in complaint:		
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions): JUDGE			DOCKET NUMBER			
DATE	SIGN	ATURE OF ATTORNEY	OF RECORD				
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY							
RECEIPT # A	MOUNT API	PLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JUD	OGE		

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- I. (a) Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- **II. Jurisdiction**. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerks in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal from a magistrate judge's decision.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. **Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity**. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553
 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. In this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands of dollars) being demanded or indicate other demand such as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.